Group A

Education Phrasal verbs Phrases with *get*Word families

**Exercise 1**

1 uniform: A *school uniform* is what many school children in the UK wear. Children attending the same school all wear the same uniform.

2 compulsory: If something is *compulsory*, it means you *have* to do it. You have no choice.

3 timetable: A *timetable* is a plan that tells you your daily lesson times.

4 memorise: If you *memorise* something like a poem, it means you can say it all by heart – without having to read it from the page.

**Exercise 2**

1 g a difficult exam: If you *pass an exam*, you get the number of marks you need to succeed. The opposite is to *fail an exam*.

2 b music next term: If you *drop* a subject, you stop studying it.

3 e school and get a job: When you *leave school*, you no longer go there. You may be old enough to go to university or to get a job.

4 g yesterday’s lessons: If you *skip lessons*, you decide not to go to lessons that you should go to.

**Exercise 3**

1 better: You can *get better* after you have been ill.

2 nervous: You may *get nervous* if you’re worried about something, like an exam.

3 dark: You need lights if it’s *getting dark*.

4 rid : You *get rid of* something that’s no use any more. You might sell it, recycle it or put it in the rubbish.

**Exercise 4**

1 explanation: *Explanation* is the noun that comes from the verb *explain*. -*tion* is a common noun ending.

2 exhaustion: *Exhaustion* is the noun that comes from the verb *exhaust*. We add -*ion* to the end of the verb. This is a common noun ending.

3 decision: *Decision* is the noun that comes from the verb *decide*. -*sion* is a common noun ending.

Group B

Education Phrasal verbs Phrases with *get*Word families

**Exercise 1**

1 revision: Most students need to do some *revision* for an exam – revise or go through the work the work they’ve done already.

2 fundraising : *Fundraising* means using different ways of getting money, usually for school, hospital, charity, etc.

3 uniform: Most school children in the UK have to wear a *uniform* to school.

4 literate: To be *literate* means being able to read and write.

**Exercise 2**

1 f the entrance exam: You can *pass* or *fail* an exam. An *entrance exam* is usually for entrance to a school or university.

2 b the new school in the city: *Attend* means go to school.

3 e for a job in the bank: You *apply for* *a job*, and then see if you are chosen.

4 g a holiday course in art: You *do a course* in a subject.

**Exercise 3**

1 cold: You would *get* (become) *cold* in snowy weather.

2 on well with: If you *get on well with* someone, you have a good relationship with them.

3 to school: *Get to school* here means *arrive at school*.

4 into trouble: If you *get into trouble*, someone may be angry with you because you’ve done something wrong.

**Exercise 4**

1 education: *Education* is the noun that comes from the verb *educate*. We remove the last -*e* and add -*ion*. This is a common noun ending.

2 donation: *Donation* is the noun that comes from the verb *donate*. We remove the last -*e* and add -*ion*. This is a common noun ending.

3 provision: *Provision* is the noun that comes from the verb *provide*. We remove the -*de* and add -*sion*. This is a common noun ending.